



## Story 2: Tyrannosaurs were good parents

### What do we know about *T-Rex's* parenting?

#### 故事二：暴龙是好家长 霸王龙是怎样的家长？

No one has ever found a fossil of a *T-Rex* egg or baby. This means that scientists must use indirect evidence, or 'clues', to find out what kind of parent *T-Rex* was. Let's examine some of the things we know about *T-Rex* and make a guess about what kind of parent it was.

由于没有人发现过霸王龙蛋或小霸王龙的化石，科学家只能透过间接的证据或线索去找出霸王龙是怎样的家长。让我们仔细检查一些事实，从而推断霸王龙究竟是怎样的家长吧。

Other predators would have eaten their eggs and attacked their young.

其他猎食者会吃掉牠们所生的蛋和攻击小霸王龙。

Like other predators such as humans and lions, they fought among themselves.

牠们像狮子和人类一样，会互相残杀。

*T-Rex* sat on their nests to keep their eggs warm.

霸王龙会坐在恐龙蛋的巢上为蛋保暖。

Young and adult *T-Rex's* worked together to find food.

成年的霸王龙会和小霸王龙一同去觅食。

*T-Rex* looked after their young soon after they were born.

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## What do we know about *T-Rex*'s parenting?

### 霸王龙是怎样的家长？

Read the statements made by our palaeontologist about *T-Rex* and then write a short summary of what *T-Rex* was like as a parent.

霸王龙是怎样的家长? 读完古生物学家对霸王恐龙的描述后，请你写出一个简短的总结。

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#### Dino Fact!

*T-Rex* did not live alone. Some fossil sites in Mongolia show several tyrannosaur skeletons from different growth stages preserved together. Scientists need to do further work to confirm if these animals lived in groups.



#### 恐龙冷知识！

霸王龙并非是独行侠。在不少化石发掘地点(如蒙古)都能发现不同年纪的霸王龙化石被掩埋在一起。然而，科学家们仍然有待进一步研究才能证实霸王龙是否是群居动物。



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*T-Rex was a good parent and protected its eggs from predators. T-Rex looked after its baby dinosaurs and young adult T-Rex probably worked together to find food.*

霸王龙是好家长，保护牠的卵免受伤害。霸王龙照顾牠的小恐龙，年轻的霸王龙可能携手合作寻找食物。

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